

Treaty Series No. 79 (1993)

THIRD SUPPLEMENTARY LIST

OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS, WITHDRAWALS, ETC., FOR 1993

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 77 (1993), Cm 2414]

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N.B. Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc. and are not necessarily effective dates, which must normally be determined from the terms of the treaties concerned.

Declarations, reservations etc. are given only in English, being either the texts of the originals or, alternatively, translations from foreign language texts. In the latter case, the translations given are not in all cases official or authoritative; for an authoritative statement, the foreign language text of the original should be consulted.

This publication contains information received up to 30th September 1993.

AGRICULTURE								Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
Agreement on the Bureaux as CA							ltural	London, 8 July, 1986	59/1987 Cm 387
Accession— Myanmar								28 June, 1993	
ANIMALS—see C	ONSE	RVAT	ION						
ANIMAL DISEAS	SES								
International Ap International Animals	greemer Office f	nt for for dea	the (ling wi	Creation th Con-	n at I tagious	Paris o Diseas	fan es of	Paris, 25 Jan., 1924	11/1926 Cmd. 2663
Accessions— Costa Rica Ecuador* Kazakhstan Ukraine	 	•••						28 June, 1993 9 June, 1993 23 Apr., 1993 16 June, 1993	
*On 9 Decemb French Governr mentioned Agree from 24 January	nent o ement i	f its d	ecision	to der	nounce	the al	ove-		
ARBITRATION								The Hague,	6/1971
Convention for the Accession—	ne Pacif	fic Settl	ement	of Inter	rnation	al Disp	utes	18 Oct., 1907	Cmnd. 4575
Singapore								13 July, 1993	
Succession— Slovakia	• •							l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
CONSERVATION	ī							(a)	
Convention on Was Waterfowl I	etland:	s of Int	ernatio	onal Im	portan	ce espe	cially	Ramsar, Iran 2 Feb., 1971	34/1976 Cmnd, 6465
Accessions— Brazil* Hondurast							• •	24 May, 1993 23 June, 1993	·
Succession— Slovakia							•••	1 Jan., 1993	
*In accordance wetlands have bee Wetlands of Inter Convention: Nati Pantanal, the Ars station and the 'A †In accordance wetland has beer List of Wetlands virtue of this Cor Refugio de Vice	en designational Paraguaia I see Est. e with A design s of Internation	nated bal Impo ark of 'l Nation adual d Article 2 nated baternati n:	oy Brazertance Lagoa e al Park le Reen lof the oy Hon onal In	il for ind establish do Peixe the Martranciash Conver duras famportash	elusion hed by e', Nati- amirau s Marai ition, the or incl- nce est	in the L virtue o onal Pa iá ecolo nhenses he follo usion ii ablishe	ist of f this rk of gical wing n the	(effective date)	

RATIFICATIONS, LTC.		
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CONSERVATION (continued)		
Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats	Berne, 19 Sept., 1979	56/1982 Cmnd. 8738
Signature— Iceland	17 June, 1993	
Ratification— Iceland (with reservations*)	17 June, 1993	
*Reservations "Reservations are made regarding the following species: In Appendix I regarding Saxifraga hirculus. In Appendix II (a) regarding the taking of eggs from Sterna paradisaea and		
Bucephala islandica. (b) regarding the Gavia stellata, Branta leucopsis, Alopex lagopus, Orcinus orca, Globicephala melaena, Phocaena phocaena, Hyperoodon rostratus, Lagenorhynchus albirostris, Sibbaldus musculus, Megaptera novaengliae, Eubalaena glacialis, Balaena mysticetus, Thalarctos maritimus, Delphinus delphis, Tursiops truncatus and Lagenorhynchus acutus.		
In Appendix III regarding Corvus corax and Stercorarius parasiticus."		
Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora	Washington, 3 Mar., 1973	101/1976 Cmnd. 6647
Accession— Korea, Republic of*	9 July, 1993	
Reservation "By note dated 30 June 1993, registered on 9 July 1993, the Republic of Korea entered, for a period of three years, a reservation against the species Moschus spp.-107 and Ursidae spp.* included in Appendix II."		
Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals	Bonn, 23 June, 1979- 22 June, 1980	87/1990 Cm 1332
Accession— Guinea	21 May, 1993	
COUNCIL OF EUROPE	London,	51/1949
Statute of the Council of Europe	5 May, 1949	Cmd. 7778
Czech Republic	30 June, 1993	
Romania	7 Oct., 1993 30 June, 1993	
General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Council	Paris.	34/1953
of Europe	2 Sept., 1949	Cmd. 8852
Accession— Poland	16 Mar., 1993	
Protocol to the General Agreement on Privileges and Immunities of the Council of Europe	Strasbourg, 6 Nov., 1952	17/1957 Cmnd. 84
Accession— Poland	16 Mar., 1993	
CULTURAL PROPERTY .		
Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and	Paris,	2/1985
Natural Heritage	23 Nov., 1972	Cmnd. 9424
Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CUSTOMS		Communa 1103.
International Convention relating to the Simplification of Customs Formalities and Protocol of Signature	Geneva, 3 Nov., 1923	16/1925 Cmd. 2347
Note— On 6 April 1993, the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland informed the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in accordance with Article 11(i) of the above-mentioned Convention, that the Calderdale Chamber of Commerce and Industry and the Kirklees and Wakefield Chamber of Commerce and Industry have merged to form the Mid-Yorkshire Chamber of Commerce and Industry. The Mid-Yorkshire Chamber of Commerce is designated as an organisation for the issue of certificates of origin.		
Convention on the Valuation of Goods for Customs Purposes (with Annexes)	Brussels, 15 Dec., 1950	49/1954 Cmd. 9233
Withdrawal— Côte d'Ivoire	28 June, 1994 (effective date)	
Convention establishing a Customs Co-operation Council (with Annex)	Brussels, 15 Dec., 1950	50/1954 Cmd. 9232
Accessions— Colombia	l July, 1993 l July, 1993 l July, 1993	
Agreement on the Temporary Importation, Free of Duty, of Medical, Surgical and Laboratory Equipment for Use on Free Loan in Hospitals and other Medical Institutions for Purposes of Diagnosis or Treatment Note— The following is the text of a declaration by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland contained in a letter dated 12 May 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 14 May 1993:	Strasbourg, 28 Apr., 1960	52/1960 Cmnd. 1136
"In accordance with Article 5 of the said Agreement I hereby declare on behalf of the Government of the United Kingdom that the Agreement [] shall apply to the Isle of Man being a territory for whose international relations the Government of the United Kingdom are responsible". Customs Convention on the temporary importation of Packings	Brussels, 6 Oct., 1960	77/1978 Cmnd. 7299
Accession— Slovenia	23 Nov., 1992	Cama: 7277
Customs Convention concerning facilities for the importation of goods for display or use at exhibitions, fairs, meetings or similar events	Brussels, 8 June, 1961	61/1963 Cmnd. 2115
Accession— Slovenia	23 Nov., 1992	
Customs Convention on the Temporary Importation of Professional Equipment	Brussels, 8 June, 1961	62/1963 Cmnd. 2125
Accession—Slovenia	23 Nov., 1992	
Customs Convention on the "A.T.A. Carnet" for the Temporary Admission of Goods	Brussels, 6 Dec., 1961	10/1964 Cmnd. 2226
Accession— Slovenia*	23 Nov., 1992	
has notified that in the Republic of Slovenia ATA carnet can also be used in postal service and for goods transiting the country.		
Customs Convention concerning Welfare Material for Seafarers Accession—	Brussels, 1 Dec., 1964- 30 Sept., 1965	58/1966 Cmnd. 3161
Slovenia	23 Nov., 1992	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
CUSTOMS (continued)		J Containant Nost
Additional Protocol to the Agreement on the Temporary Importation, Free of Duty, of Medical, Surgical and Laboratory Equipment for Use on Free Loan in Hospitals and other Medical Institutions for Purposes of Diagnosis or Treatment	Strasbourg, 29 Sept., 1982	10/1986 Cmnd. 9726
Note— The following is the text of a declaration by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland contained in a letter dated 12 May 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 14 May 1993: "In accordance with Article 5 of the said Agreement I hereby declare, on behalf of the Government of the United Kingdom that the [above-mentioned Protocol] shall apply to the Isle of Man being a territory for whose international relations the Government of the United Kingdom are responsible"	,	
International Convention on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System with Protocol of Amendment	Brussels, 14 June, 1983– 31 Dec., 1986	15/1989 Cm 695
Accessions— Indonesia	5 July, 1993 7 J une, 1993	
DIBLOMAZIO AND CONCUE AD DEL ATRONO		
DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR RELATIONS Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations	Vienna, 18 Apr.– 31 Oct., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Succession—	31 00, 1901	China. 2505
Czech Republic	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Vienna Convention on Consular Relations	Vienna, 24 Apr.,– 31 Oct., 1963	14/1973 Cmnd. 5219
Succession— Czech Republic (with declaration*)	1 Jan., 1993	
*Declaration In its notification of succession the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considered itself bound by the declaration made by Czechoslovakia upon signature (see Treaty Series No. 14 (1973), Cmnd. 5219, p.41) which reads as follows: "Contrary to the principle of sovereign equality of States and to the right of all States to participate in general multilateral treaties, articles 74 and 76 of the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations deprive certain States of their undeniable right to become parties to a treaty of a general character, concerning matters of legitimate interest of any State, which, according to its preamble, should contribute to the development of friendly relations among nations irrespective of their differing constitutional and social systems."	(effective date)	·
DISARMAMENT		
	London, Moscow and Washington,	88/1970
Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons	1 July, 1968	Cmnd. 4474
Accession in London— Belarus	23 July, 1993	ı •
Successions in Washington—Armenia	15 July, 1993	L
Czech Republic	(effective date) 1 Jan., 1993	
Slovakia	(effective date) 1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and
DISPUTES		Command Nos.
Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards	New York, 10 June,- 31 Dec., 1958	20/1976 Cmnd. 6419
Note— On 23 April 1993, the Government of Switzerland notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its decision to withdraw the declaration it had made upon ratification of the above-mentioned Convention (see Treaty Series No. 20 (1976), Cmnd. 6419, p.14) which read as follows: [Translation] Referring to the possibility offered by paragraph 3 of Article 1, Switzerland will apply the Convention to the recognition and enforcement of awards made only in the territory of another Contracting State.		
DRUGS		
	New York, 30 Mar.,-	34/1965
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs	1 Aug., 1961	Cmnd. 2631
Protocol amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, concluded at Geneva on 25 March, 1972 (see Miscellaneous Series No. 19 (1976), Cmnd. 7466)		
Accession— Antigua and Barbuda*	5 Apr., 1993	
*In accordance with Articles 41(2) and 18(2) respectively of the above-named Convention and Protocol, the Convention and Protocol entered into force for Antigua and Barbuda on the thirtieth day after the deposit of the instrument, i.e. on 5 May 1993. Consequently, on that date Antigua and Barbuda became a Party to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs 1961, as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, done at New York on 8 August 1975 (see Treaty Series No. 23 (1979), Cmnd. 7466).		
Convention on Psychotropic Substances with revised Schedules	Vienna, 21 Feb., 1971	51/1993 Cm 2307
Accessions— Antigua and Barbuda Fiji Niger	5 Apr., 1993 25 Mar., 1993 10 Nov., 1992	(
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961	New York, 8 Aug., 1975	23/1979 Cmnd, 7466
Accession—		
Antigua and Barbuda	5 Apr., 1993	24/1002
Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances	Vienna, 20 Dec., 1988	26/1992 Cm 1927
Australia	16 Nov., 1992	
Accession— Niger	10 Nov., 1992	
ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGEMENTS		
Convention on Jurisdiction and the Enforcement of Judgements in Civil and Commercial Matters	Lugano, 16 Sept., 1988	53/1992 Cm 2009
Signature— Austria	26 Feb., 1992	
EDUCATION		
Convention on the Recognition of Studies, Diplomas and Degrees concerning Higher Education in the States belonging to the European Region	Paris, 21 Dec., 1979	21/1986 Cmnd. 9762
Succession— Slovakia	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
EXTRADITION European Convention on Extradition	Paris, 13 Dec., 1957	97/1991 Cm 1762
Ratification—	13 Dec., 1937	Cili 1702
Hungary (with reservations and declarations*)	13 July, 1993	
*Reservations "Article 1		
Hungary will not grant extradition if the person sought is to be brought before a special court or if the extradition should lead to the enforcement of a sentence or detention order inflicted by such a court.		
Hungary moreover reserves the right to refuse extradition on humanitarian grounds if it would cause particular hardship to the person claimed, for example, because of his youth, advanced age or state of health, or any other condition affecting the individual in question, having regard also to the nature of the offence and the interests of the requesting State. Article 6		
 (a) The provisions of Article 6 paragraph 1.a of the Peace Treaty concluded in Paris on 10 February 1947 notwithstanding Hungary will not grant extradition of its own nationals. (b) Hungary reserves the right to refuse extradition of persons settled definitively in Hungary. Article 11		
Hungary will refuse extradition if it is requested to carry out death penalty or to prosecute a person charged with an offence punishable by death penalty. However, extradition may be granted in respect of an offence punishable by death penalty under the law of the requesting State, if that State accepts, that death penalty, if pronounced, will not be executed."		
Declarations "Article 16, paragraph 2 In case of request for provisional arrest Hungary also requires a short statement of the facts the person claimed is charged with. Article 21, paragraph 2 Hungary will refuse transit of its own nationals and of persons settled definitively in Hungary. Article 23 Hungary declares that it will require a translation of the request for extradition and documents annexed thereto into either Hungarian, or any of the official languages of the Council of Europe, if they are not drawn up in these languages."		
FOOD		
Agreement for the Establishment, in Paris, of an International Wine Office with Protocol of Signature	Paris, 29 Nov., 1924— 31 Mar., 1925	6/1975 Cmnd, 5834
Accession— New Zealand	9 July, 1993	
Successions— Czech Republic	1 Jan., 1993	
Slovakia	(effective date) 1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
HUMAN RIGHTS		
Slavery Convention as amended by the Protocol agreed at New York on 7 December 1953	Geneva, 25 Sept., 1926	24/1956 Cmd. 9797
Succession— Czech Republic	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide	Adopted New York, 9 Dec., 1948	58/1970 Cmnd. 4421
Accession— Armenia	23 June, 1993	

and

Treaty Series Date Command Nos. **HUMAN RIGHTS** (continued) Successions-Bosnia and Herzegovina 6 Mar., 1992 (effective date) 1 Jan., 1993 Czech Republic (with declaration*) (effective date) In its notification of succession the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considers itself bound by the reservation to Article XII of the above-named Convention made by Czechoslovakia upon signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 58 (1970), Cmnd. 4421, p.28) which reads as follows: "As regards Article XII: Czechoslovakia declares that it is not in agreement with article XII of the Convention and considers that all the provisions of the Convention should extend to non-self-governing territories, including trust On 15 June 1993, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, received from the Government of Yugoslavia a communication with respect to its position concerning the succession by Bosnia and Herzegovina to the above-mentioned Convention (see above), which reads as follows: 'Considering the fact that the replacement of sovereignty on the part of the territory of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia previously comprising the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina was carried out contrary to the rules of international law, the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia herewith states that it does not consider the socalled Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina a party to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, but does consider that the so-called Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina is bound by the obligation to respect the norms on preventing and punishing the crime of genocide in accordance with general international law irrespective of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide.3 Convention for the Protection of Human Rights 71/1953 Rome. Fundamental Freedoms. 4 Nov., 1950 Cmd. 8969 Renewal of Declaration under Article 25-Turkey 28 Jan., 1993 (for three years) Renewal of Declaration under Article 46-Turkey 22 Jan., 1993 (for three years) Note-Following is the text of a letter from the Government of Turkey dated 6 April 1993 registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 7 April 1993: [Translation] With reference to the letter of 5 May 1992 (see Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p. 10) and in accordance with Article 15 of the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, I have the honour to inform you that under legislative decree No. 225 of 9 March 1993, the state of emergency was lifted from the town of Elazig and its district; however, under legislative decree No. 266 of 9 March 1993 the state of emergency was declared on the town of Bitlis and its district. These decrees came into force on 19 March 1993 at 5 pm. The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of The Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for

the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made

	Date	Treaty Series and
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)	:	Command Nos.
according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers." (see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10).		
In a letter dated 1 June 1993 and registered with the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 3 June 1993 the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland declared, in accordance with Article 63 of the above-mentioned Convention, that Article 25 and Article 46 of the Convention shall apply to the Isle of Man, being a territory for whose international relations the Government of the United Kingdom is responsible. The declaration shall be for a period of five years in respect of both Articles.	Rome	46/1954
Protocol to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms	4 Nov., 1950	Cmd. 9221
Note— The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers."		
(see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10).	Now York	101/1067
Convention on the Political Rights of Women	New York, 31 Mar., 1953	101/1967 Cmnd. 3449
Succession Czech Republic (with declaration*)	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
*Declaration In its notification of succession the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considers itself bound by the reservation to Article VII made by Czechoslovakia upon signature (see Treaty Series No. 101 (1967) Cmnd. 3449, p.19) and confirmed upon ratification, which reads as follows: "The Government of the Czechoslovak Republic declares its disagreement with the last sentence of article VII and considers that the juridicial effect of this reservation is to make the Convention operative as between the State making the reservation and all the other signatories of the Convention, with the exception only of that part of the paragraph to which the reservation relates."		
Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices similar to Slavery, Supplementary to the International Convention signed at Geneva on 25 September 1926.	Geneva, 7 Sept., 1956	59/1957 Cmnd. 257
Succession— Czech Republic	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
	Paris,	44/1962
Convention against Discrimination in Education Succession—	14 Dec., 1960	Cmnd. 1760
Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
Protocol No. 2 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, conferring upon the European Court of Human Rights competence to give Advisory Opinions.	Strasbourg, 6 May, 1963	104/1970 Cmnd. 4551
The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers." (see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10).		
Protocol No. 3 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, Amending Articles 29, 30 and 34 of the Convention.	Strasbourg, 6 May, 1963	106/1970 Cmnd. 4552
The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers." (see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10).		
Protocol No. 5 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, Amending Articles 22 and 40 of the Convention.	Strasbourg, 20 Jan., 1966	48/1972 Cmnd. 4963
Note— The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers." (see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10).		
International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination	New York, 7 Mar., 1966	77/1969 Cmnd. 4108
Accession— Moldavia	26 Jan., 1993	

RATIFICATIONS, ETC.	
	Date
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)	
Successions— Croatia	12 Oct., 1992 (date of notification)
Czech Republic	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)
Note— On 28 January 1993, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Australia the following declaration under Article 14(1) of the abovementioned Convention:	
"The Government of Australia hereby declares that it recognises, for and on behalf of Australia, the competence of the Committee to receive and consider communications from individuals or groups of individuals within its jurisdiction claiming to be victims of a violation by Australia of any of the rights set forth in the aforesaid Convention."	
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights	Adopted New York, 16 Dec., 1966
Czech Republic (with declaration*)	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)
*Declaration In its notification of succession the Czech Republic declared that it considered itself to be bound by the declarations made by Czechoslovakia upon signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 6 (1977), Cmnd. 6702, p. 17) which read as	
follows: "The provision of article 26, paragraph 1, of the Covenant is in contradiction with the principle that all States have the right to become parties to multilateral treaties regulating matters of general interest."	
Note— On 27 April 1993, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of <i>Portugal</i> the following declaration dated 25 March 1993 whereby the application of the above-mentioned Covenant is extended to Macau:	
[Translation] By this declaration [the Covenant is] confirmed and proclaimed binding and valid, and shall have the effect and be implemented and observed without exception, bearing in mind that:	
Article 1the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,, shall be applicable in the territory of Macau. Article 2.	
1. The applicability in Macau ofthe International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, and in particular of article 1 shall in no way affect the status of Macau as defined in the Constitution of the Portuguese Republic and in the Organic Statute of Macau.	
2. The applicability of [the Covenant] in Macau shall in no way affect the provisions of the Joint Declaration of the Government of the Portuguese Republic and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the Question of Macau, signed on 13 April 1987, especially with respect to the provision specifying that Macau forms part of Chinese territory and that the Government	
of the People's Republic of China will resume the exercise of Sovereignty over Macau with effect from 20 December 1999, and that Portugal will be responsible for the administration of Macau until 19 December 1999. Article 5.	
1. The provisions of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural rights that are applicable to Macau shall be implemented in Macau, in particular through specific legal documents issued by the organs of government of the territory.	

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

6/1977 Cmnd. 6702

HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)

2. The restrictions of the fundamental rights in Macau shall be confined to those cases prescribed by law and shall not exceed the limits permitted by the applicable provisions of the aforementioned [Covenant].

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

Succession-

Czech Republic (with declaration*)

*Declaration

In its notification of succession the Czech Republic declared that it considered itself to be bound by the declarations made by Czechoslovakia upon signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 6 (1977), Cmnd. 6702, p. 42) which read as follows:

"The provision of article 48, paragraph 1, is in contradiction with the principle that all States have the right to become parties to multilateral treaties regulating matters of general interest."

Note-

On 12 May 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of *Bulgaria* the following declaration recognizing the competence of the Human Rights Committee under Article 41 of the above-mentioned Covenant:

[Courtesy Translation]

In accordance with article 41(1) of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Republic of Bulgaria declares that it recognizes the competence of the Human Rights Committee to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party which has made a declaration recognizing in regard to itself the competence of the Committee claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under this Covenant.

Note-

On 10 May 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Guyana the following declaration recognizing the competence of the Human Rights Committee under Article 41 of the above-mentioned Covenant:

"... the Government of the Co-operative Republic of Guyana hereby declares that it recognizes the competence of the Human Rights Committee to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under the aforementioned Covenant."

Note-

On 20 May 1993, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of *Nicaragua* a notification, dated 19 May 1993, made under Article 4(3) of the above-mentioned Covenant, notifying that, by Decree 30–93 dated 18 May 1993, and effective from that date, a partial suspension of rights and guarantees has been declared, for thirty days, in fourteen Nicaraguan municipalities located in the departments of Matagalpa, Jinotega, Esteli, Nueva Segovia and Madriz.

The provisions of the Covenant which have been derogated from are Articles 17 (in respect of inviobility of the home) and 9, paragraphs 1 (from the second line to the end), 2, 3 and 5.

Note-

On 27 April 1993, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of *Portugal* the following declaration whereby the application of the above-mentioned Covenant is extended to Macau:

[Translation]

By this declaration...[the Covenant is] confirmed and proclaimed binding and valid, and shall have effect and be implemented and observed without exception, bearing in mind that;

Date

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

Adopted New York, 16 Dec., 1966

6/1977 Cmnd. 6702

1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)

Treaty Series Date and Command Nos. **HUMAN RIGHTS** (continued) The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, . . . shall be applicable in the territory of Macau. 1. The applicability in Macau of the International Covenant on Civil and Political rights, . . and in particular of article 1 . . shall in no way affect the status of Macau as defined in the Constitution of the Portuguese Republic and in the Organic Statute of Macau. The applicability of Ithe Covenant in Macau shall in no way affect the provisions of the Joint Declaration of the Government of the Portuguese Republic and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the question of Macau, signed on 13 April 1987, especially with respect to the provision specifying that Macau forms part of Chinese territory and that the Government of the People's Republic of China will resume the exercise of Sovereignty over Macau with effect from 20 December 1999, and that Portugal will be responsible for the administration of Macau until 19 December 1999. Article 25(b) of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights shall not apply to Macau with respect to the composition of elected bodies and the method of choosing and electing their officials, as defined in the Constitution of the Portuguese Republic, the Organic Statute of Macau and provisions of the Joint Declaration on the Question of Macau. Article 12(4) and Article 13 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights shall not apply to Macau with respect to the entry and exit of individuals and the expulsion of foreigners from the territory. These matters shall continue to be regulated by the Organic Statute of Macau and other applicable legislation, and also by the Joint Declaration on the Question of Macau. Article 5 The provisions of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights...that are applicable to Macau shall be implemented in Macau, in particular through specific legal documents issued by the organs of government of the territory. The restrictions of the fundamental rights in Macau shall be confined to those cases prescribed by law and shall not exceed the limits permitted by the applicable provisions of the aforementioned [Covenant]. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination New York, 2/1989 18 Dec., 1979 against Women ... Cm 643 Ratification-The Gambia ... 16 Apr., 1993 Succession-1 Jan., 1993 Czech Republic (effective date) On 26 October 1992, the Government of Thailand notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations of its decision to withdraw one of the reservations to the above-mentioned Convention, i.e. that relating to Article 9(2), made upon accession (see Treaty Series No. 2 (1989), Cm 643, p.21). As a result, the remaining reservations by the Government of Thailand will read as follows: "1. In all matters which concern national security, maintenance of public order and service or employment in the military or paramilitary forces, the Royal Thai Government reserves its right to apply the provisions of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, in particular articles 7 and 10, only within the limits established by national laws, regulations and practices. The Royal Thai Government does not consider itself bound by the provisions of article 16 and article 29, paragraph 1, of the Convention."

The declaration by the Government of Thailand, also made

upon accession, remains unchanged.

RATIFICATIONS, E.	IC
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)	
Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman of Degrading Treatment or Punishment	or Adop New
Accession— Mauritius	
Succession— Czech Republic (with declaration*)	
*Declaration In its notification of succession the Government of the Czec Republic, declared that it considers itself bound by the reservatio to Article 20 of the Convention made by Czechoslovakia upo signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 107 (1991) Cm 1775) which read as follows:	n n
[Translation] The Czechoslovak Socialist Republic does not recognise th competence of the Committee against Torture as defined b article 20 of the Convention.	
Note— On 12 May 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nation received from the Government of <i>Bulgaria</i> a declaration mad under Articles 21 and 22 of the above-mentioned Convention b which the Government of Bulgaria recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture:	le y
"1. In accordance with article 21(1) of the Conventio against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degradin Treatment or Punishment, the Republic of Bulgaria declare that it recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling its obligations under this Convention.	g es st et
2. In accordance with article 22(1) of the Conventio against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degradin Treatment or Punishment, the Republic of Bulgaria declare that it recognizes the competence of the Committee agains Torture to receive and consider communications from or o behalf of individuals subject to its jurisdiction who claim to b victims of a violation by a State Party of the provisions of the Convention."	es es st n
Note— On 8 April 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nation received from the Government of Cyprus a declaration mad under Articles 21 and 22 of the above-mentioned Convention by which the Government of Cyprus recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture:	le by of
"The Government of the Republic of Cyprus hereby declare that the Republic of Cyprus recognizes the competence of the Committee established under Article 17 of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment adopted by the United Nation General Assembly on 10 December 1984:	n n ig is
 to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party claims that another State Party is not fulfilling in obligations under the Convention (Article 21), and 	
 to receive and consider communications from or o behalf of individuals subject to its jurisdiction who claim to b victims of a violation by a State Party of the provisions of the Convention (Article 22)." 	xe
Note— On 12 May 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nation received from the Government of <i>Poland</i> a declaration madunder Articles 21 and 22 of the above-mentioned Convention by which the Government of Poland recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture: "The Government of the Republic of Poland, in accordance with articles 21 and 22 of the Convention against Torture and	le by of œ
Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment of Punishment, adopted by the United Nations General	or

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

Adopted New York, 10 Dec., 1984

Date

107/1991 Cm 1775

9 Dec., 1992

1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
Assembly on 10 December 1984, recognizes the competence of the Committee against Torture to receive and consider communications to the effect that a State Party claims that the Republic of Poland is not fulfilling its obligations under the Convention or communications from or on behalf of individuals subject to its jurisdiction who claim to be victims of a violation by the Republic of Poland of the provisions of the Convention."	·	
Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data	Strasbourg, 28 Jan., 1981	86/1990 Cm 1329
Ratification— Portugal	2 Sept., 1993	
Acceptance— Netherlands (with declarations*)	24 Aug., 1993	
*Declarations "In accordance with Article 24, first paragraph, the Convention shall apply to the Kingdom in Europe." Pursuant to Article 3, second paragraph, under a. of the		
Convention, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, (for the Kingdom in Europe) declares that:		
I. The Convention shall not apply to the following personal data files:		
 personal data files which are by their nature intended for personal or domestic use; personal data files kept exclusively for public information 		
purposes by the press, radio or television; books and other written publications, or index systems pertaining to them;		
personal data files kept in archive repositaries designated for that purpose by law; personal data files which are established and to which public		
access is required by law; personal data files kept for the purpose of implementing the Elections Act; ("Kieswet");		
II. The Convention shall as yet not apply to the following personal data files: personal data files established under or pursuant to the Criminal Records and Certificates of Good Behaviour ("Wet op de justitiële documentatie en op de verklaringen		
omtrent het gedrag "); personal datafiles established pursuant to the Population and Residence Registers Act ("Wet bevolklings—en verblijfsregiusters");		
-the central register of students in higher education, established under the University Education Act, the Higher Vocational Education Act and the Open University Act ("Wet op het wetenschappelijk onderwijs, Wet op het hoger beroepsonderwijs, Wet op de open universiteit"); and -files of registered vehicle registration marks and of issued driving licences, established pursuant to the Road Traffic Act ("Wegenverkeerswet").		
In accordance with Article 13, second paragraph, under a. of the Convention, the authority designated by the Kingdom of the Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe) is: Registratiekamer Postbus 3011 NL-2280 GA Rijswijk The Netherlands Tel.: 19-31-70-3190190		
Fax: 19-31-70-3940460."		
Protocol No. 8 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms	Vienna, 19 Mar., 1985	51/1990 Cm 1136
The following text is contained in a letter dated 23 July 1993, registered at the Secretariat General of The Council of Europe on 2 August 1993, from the Government of the Czech Republic: "The Government of the Czech Republic confirms that the Czech Republic considers itself bound by the Convention for		

		
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)		
the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocols No. 3, 5, 8, and by Protocols No. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10. At the same time, the Government of the Czech Republic wishes to reconfirm the reservation made according to Article 64 of the European Convention in respect of Articles 5 and 6 to the effect that those articles shall not hinder to impose disciplinary penitentiary measures in accordance with Article 17 of the Act No. 76/1959 of Collection of Laws, on Certain Service Conditions of Soldiers." (see Treaty Series No. 57 (1992), Cm 2062, p.7 and Treaty Series No. 75 (1992), Cm 2084, p.10)."		
Convention on the Rights of the Child	Adopted New York, 20 Nov., 1989	44/1992 Cm 1976
Succession— Czech Republic*	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
*In its notification of succession the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considered itself to be bound by the declaration made by Czechoslovakia upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 44(1992) Cm 1976, p.23) which reads as follows: Declaration in respect of: Article 7, para I: "In cases of irrevocable adoptions, which are based on the principle of anonymity of such adoptions, and of artificial fertilization, where the physician charged with the operation is required to ensure that the husband and wife on one hand and the donor on the other hand remain unknown to each other, the noncommunication of a natural parent's name or natural parents' names to the child is not in contradiction with this provision."		
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY	Geneva,	66/1957
Universal Copyright Convention [with Protocols 1, 2 and 3]	6 Sept., 1952	Cmnd. 289
Succession— Slovakia	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations	Rome, 26 Oct., 1961	38/1964 Cmnd. 2425
Succession— Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Convention establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967– 13 Jan., 1968	52/1970 Cmnd. 4408
Note— On 23 July 1993, the Government of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.		
Note— On 3 June 1993, the Government of the Republic of <i>Moldova</i> notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Republic of Moldova.		
International Convention further revising the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of 20 March 1883	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967– 13 Jan., 1968	61/1970 Cmnd. 4431
Accession—Bolivia*	4 Aug., 1993	
*The Republic of Bolivia will belong to Class IX for the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (continued)		
Note— On 23 July 1993, the Government of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia will belong to Class VII for the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union.		
Note— On 3 June 1993, the Government of the Republic of Moldova notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Republic of Moldova. The Republic of Moldova will belong to Class VII for the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union.		
Note— On 18 August 1993, the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan notified the Director General of the Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The Republic of Uzbekistan will belong to Class VII for the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Paris Union.		
Patent Co-operation Treaty (with Regulations)	Washington, 19 June– 31 Dec., 1970	78/1978 Cmnd. 7340
Note— On 18 August 1993, the Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan notified the Director-General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the abovementioned Treaty continues to be applicable in respect of the Republic of Uzbekistan.		
Universal Copyright Convention as revised (with Protocols 1 and 2)	Paris, 24 July, 1971	9/1975 Cmnd. 5844
Ratification— Switzerland	21 June, 1993	
Succession— Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Note— By a notification deposited with the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on 5 May 1993, the Government of Algeria declared that, in conformity with Article Vbis of the abovementioned Convention, it would avail itself for a second period of 10 years of all the exceptions provided for in Articles Vter and Vquarter of the Convention (see also Treaty Series No. 83 (1988) Cmnd. 9170, p.15).		
International Convention further revising the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works of 9 September 1886, as amended on 2 October 1979	Paris, 24 July, 1971	63/1990 Cm 1212
Ratification Switzerland	25 June, 1993	
Accession— Bolivia* *The Republic of Bolivia will belong to Class IX for the purposes of establishing its contribution towards the budget of the Berne Union. Note—	4 Aug., 1993	
On 23 July 1993, the Government of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in respect of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.		

INTELLECTUAL	PROP	ERTY	(conti	nued)				Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
The Former Y Class VII for the the budget of the	ugoslav purpose	Repui	blic of blishir	Maced					
Convention for against unauth							rams	Geneva, 29 Oct., 1971	41/1973 Cmnd. 5275
Ratification— Switzerland	• •							24 June, 1993	
Accessions— Cyprus Netherlands					 			25 June, 1993 7 July, 1993	
Succession— Slovakia				••			••	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Budapest Treaty of Microorgan regulations)	isms fo	r the Pu	ırposes	Recogni s of Pate	nt Pro	the De	posit with	Budapest, 28 Apr.,- 31 Dec., 1977	5/1981 Cmnd. 8136
Accessions—	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	37 200., 1577]
Greece Poland	• •							30 July, 1993 22 June, 1993	
Government of General of the (WIPO) that the Microorganisms under the above-Microorganisms furnished by the Republic in re Microorganisms of Communication (Vicommunication (Vicommunica	Workenew na (CCM) mentio (CCM)	d Intelarme of one of the number of the nains unit of the termination of the number of the num	the Control of the Co	l Propyzechosloonal des the "C ted the Czech a choslovely to the first and the core of the ged. orld Int 18 Ma om the core of	erty Covak Covak Copositaric Cech Cat the Ind Slo ak Cope Cech Cat the Ind Slo ak Cope Cech Cech Cech Cech Cech Cech Cech Cec	organization of the collection	orea the sof 2) of will from said strial the fame oned at the and ovak lture		

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY (continued) Nice Agreement concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the purposes of the Registration of Marks of 15 June 1957 as revised at Stockholm on 14 July 1967 (as Amended) (see also Treaty Series No. 82 (1983), Cmnd. 9107 p.15) Note— On 23 July 1993, the Government of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia notified the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) that the above-mentioned Convention continues to be applicable in	Date Geneva, 13 May, 1977	Treaty Series and Command Nos. 72/1979 Cmnd. 7671
INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE Statute of the International Court of Justice Note— On 22 October 1992, the Government of Hungary deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations the following declaration recognizing as compulsory the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice: "The Republic of Hungary hereby recognizes as compulsory ipso facto and without special agreement, on condition of reciprocity, the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice, in accordance with Article 36, paragraph 2,	San Francisco, 26 June, 1945	67/1946 Cmd. 7015
Court of Justice, in accordance with Article 36, paragraph 2, of the Statute of the Court in all disputes which may arise in respect of facts or situations subsequent to this declaration, other than: (a) disputes in regard to which the parties to the dispute have agreed or shall agree to have recourse to some other method of peaceful settlement; (b) disputes in regard to matters which by international law fall exclusively within the domestic jurisdiction of the Republic of Hungary; (c) disputes relating to, or connected with, facts or situations of hostilities, war, armed conflicts, individual or collective actions taken in self-defence or the discharge of any functions pursuant to any resolution or recommendation of the United Nations, and other similar or related acts, measures or situations in which the Republic of Hungary is, has been or may in the future be involved;		
(d) disputes in respect of which any other party to the dispute has accepted the compulsory jurisdiction of the Court only in relation to or for the purpose of such dispute; or where the acceptance of the Court's compulsory jurisdiction on behalf of any other party to the dispute was deposited less than 12 months prior to the filing of the application bringing the dispute before the Court. The Government of the Republic of Hungary reserves the right at any time, by means of a notification addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, and with effect of six months of such notification to amend, add to or withdraw any of the foregoing reservations or any that may hereafter be added. This declaration shall remain in force until the expiration of six months after notification has been given of its termination."		
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION Articles of Agreement of the International Finance Corporation Signature— Micronesia	Washington, 25 May, 1955 24 June, 1993	37/1961 Cmnd. 1377

							,		
								Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
INTERNATIONA	L LABO	UR OI	RGAN	IISATI	ON				
Constitution of amended) (see Treaty Series N 110 (1975), Cn	<i>also</i> Trea No. 9 (196	aty Ser 54), Cn	ies No nnd. 2	o. 59 (1 259 and	961), C i Treat	Cmnd. 1 y Series	428,	Montreal, 9 Oct., 1946	47/1948 Cmnd. 7452
Acceptances— Bosnia and								2 June, 1993	
Eritrea Macedonia,	Former	 Vugos	 lav Re	 muhlic	of	• •		7 June, 1993 28 May, 1993	
Georgia	··	· ·			٠.	• • •	• • •	22 June, 1993	
Kazakhstan		• •		• •	• •			31 May, 1993	
INVESTMENT PI	ROTECT	TION							
Convention estab								Seoul, 11 Oct., 1985	47/1989 Cm 812
Signature— Micronesia								24 June, 1993	
Ratifications	••		••	••		• •		, .,,	
Micronesia								11 Aug., 1993	
Tajikistan	• •	• •		• •		• •	• •	26 July, 1993	
LABOUR see INT	ERNATI	ONAI	LAB	OUR (ORGA	NISAT	ION		
LATVIA									
virtue of the d multilateral tre LAW European Conver	eaties ent	ered in	ito by	the for	mer Ú	SSR."		Strasbourg, 20 Apr., 1959	24/1992 Cm 1928
Signature—	ation on N	viutuai	A5515	tancen	ii Crim	iliai ivia	illers	20 Apr., 1939	Ciii 1928
Malta (with Ratification—	reservati	ions an	nd dec	laration	ns*)	. •	• •	6 Sept., 1993	
Hungary (w			and o	leclarat	tions†)		• •	13 July, 1993	
"Article 2						-			
The Govern assistance if the assistance has offence which proceedings in	he persor been cor arises	n who nvicted from	is the lora the s	subjec equitte ame fa	et of a d in M act giv	reques lalta of ing ris	t for any e to		
Article 3	_	_		_					
The Govern evidence of wi other documer privilege, non-evidence.	tnesses or nts where	r requi	ire the w reco	produ gnises	ction o	f record	is or ereto		
Article 5, para The Govern letters rogato motivating the the law of the r	ment of l ry for se letters re requesting	earch ogator g State	or sery is not and the	izure i ot puni he law	if (a) ishable of Mali	the off under ta, or (b	ence both the		
execution of the		rogato	ry is n	ot cons	sistent	with the	law		
For the purp of Malta reque person who is i least 50 days b	pose of A ests that th in its terri	he sum tory be	mons trans	to be se mitted	rved or to its a	n an acc	used		
Article 11 The Govern under Article 1		Malta i	s unal	ole to g	rant re	quests r	nade		

Date

Treaty Series and Command Nos.

LAW (continued)

Article 12

The Government of Malta will only consider the granting of immunity under Article 12 where this is specifically requested by the person to whom the immunity would apply or by the appropriate authorities of the State from whom assistance is requested. A request for immunity will not be granted where the Government of Malta considers that granting it would not be in the public interest.

Article 15, paragraph 6

The Government of Malta notifies that all requests for assistance should be sent to it addressed to the Attorney General.

Article 16, paragraph 2

The Government of Malta declares that requests and annexed documents should be addressed to it accompanied by a translation into English.

Article 21

The Government of Malta reserves the right not to apply Article 21.

Article 24

In accordance with Article 24 for the purposes of the Convention, the Government of Malta deems the following to be "judicial authorities":

- -- Magistrates Courts, the Juvenile Court, the Criminal Court and the Court of Criminal Appeal;
- —the Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, Assistant to the Attorney General and Senior Counsel for the Republic;
- -Magistrates."

†Reservations

"Article 2

Hungary reserves the right to afford assistance only in procedures instituted in respect of such offences, which are also punishable under Hungarian law.

Article 13, paragraph 1

Extracts from or information on the judicial records will be made available only in respect of an individual who has been charged or brought to trial.

Article 13, paragraph 2

The assistance referred to in this paragraph can not be given by Hungary."

Declarations

"Article 5, paragraph 1

Search and seizure will be executed in Hungary on condition provided for in subparagraph c.

Article 7, paragraph 3

Summons on persons staying in Hungary will only be served, if the summons is transmitted to the competent Hungarian authority at least 40 days before the date set for appearance.

Article 15, paragraph 6

Hungary declares that requests addressed to its judicial authorities for assistance shall be sent to the Ministry of Justice.

Article 16

A translation of the request for assistance and documents annexed thereto into either Hungarian, or any of the official languages of the Council of Europe, will be required, if they are not drawn up in these languages.

Article 22

Hungary declares that it will not inform other Contracting Parties automatically of criminal convictions and subsequent measures referred to in this Article.

Article 24

For the purpose of the Convention the following shall be deemed judicial authorities in Hungary: courts, public prosecutors' offices, the Ministry of Justice and the Chief Public Prosecutor's Office."

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
LAW (continued)		
By a Note Verbale dated 21 July 1993, registered by the Secretary-General of the Council of Europe on the same day, the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands declared as follows: "The Permanent Mission of the Kingdom of the Netherlands declares that the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, in accordance with Article 25, paragraph 4 of the European Convention on Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters of 20 April 1959, is extending the application of the		
Convention to the Netherlands Antilles, and that the declarations and reservations as made by the Kingdom of the Netherlands shall also apply to the Netherlands Antilles, on the understanding that the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands: declares having regard to Article 16, that the Kingdom of the Netherlands will require requests for legal assistance regarding the Netherlands Antilles and Aruba to be accompanied by an English translation; declares in accordance with the declaration of the Netherlands Government concerning Article 25, paragraph 4 that the Convention may be denounced separately in respect of the Netherlands Antilles and Aruba."		
Additional Protocol to the European Convention on Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters	Strasbourg, 17 Mar., 1978	24/1992 Cm 1928
Hungary	13 July, 1993	2/1002
Convention on the Law applicable to Contractual Obligations Ratification— Netherlands on behalf of	Rome, 19 June, 1980	2/1992 Cm 1794
Aruba	24 May, 1993 24 May, 1993	
See Treaty Series No. 2 (1992), Cm 1794, p.15 for the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands ratification of the above-mentioned Convention.		
LAW OF THE SEA	Geneva,	3/1965
Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone	29 Apr., 1958	Cmnd. 2511
Succession— Czech Republic*	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
*In the instrument of succession dated 22 February 1993 the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considers itself bound by the reservations made by Czechoslovakia upon signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 3 (1965), Cmnd. 2511, p.58) which reads as follows:		
"Articles 14 and 23: "In view of the fact that the Conference had not adopted a special article concerning the passage of warships through the territorial waters of foreign States, the Government of the Czechoslovak Republic deems it necessary to stress that articles 14 and 23 cannot in any sense be interpreted as establishing a right of innocent passage for warships through the territorial waters."		
Article 21: "The Government of the Czechoslovak Republic holds that under international law in force all government ships without distinction enjoy immunity and therefore does not agree with the application of articles 19 and 20 of the Convention to government ships operated for commercial purposes."		
Convention on the High Seas	Geneva, 29 Apr.– 31 Oct., 1958	5/1963 Cmnd. 1929
Succession—		
Czech Republic*	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	Date	Treaty Series and
*In the instrument of succession dated 22 February 1993 the Government of the Czech Republic declared that it considers itself bound by the reservation and declaration made by Czechoslovakia upon signature and confirmed upon ratification (see Treaty Series No. 5 (1963), Cmnd. 1929, p.62) which reads as follows: *Reservation: **Article 9: The Government of the Czechoslovak Republic holds that under international law in force government ships operated for commercial purposes also enjoy on the high seas complete immunity from the jurisdiction of any State other than the flag State." **Declaration** **The Government of the Czechoslovak Republic maintains**	·	Command Nos.
that the notion of piracy as defined in the Convention is neither in accordance with the present international law nor with the interest of safeguarding the freedom of navigation on the high seas."	Geneva,	
Convention on the Continental Shelf	29 Apr.,– 31 Oct., 1958	39/1964 Cmnd. 2422
Czech Republic	l Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
LAW OF TREATIES	-	
Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties Accession—	Vienna, 23 May, 1969	58/1980 Cmnd. 7964
Latvia	4 May, 1993	
Note— By a notification dated 27 July 1993 the Secretary-General of the United Nations advised that the reservation made by the Government of <i>Belgium</i> regarding Articles 53 and 64 of the above-mentioned Convention (see Treaty Series No. 77 (1993), Cm 2414, p.22/23) is deemed to have been accepted for deposit on 21 June 1993.		
LEGAL METROLOGY	Dosis	
Convention establishing an International Organisation of Legal Metrology [as later amended]	Paris, 12 Oct.,- 31 Dec., 1955	36/1968 Cmnd, 3617
Accessions— Czech Republic Slovakia	13 Jan., 1993 13 Jan., 1993	
MARITIME LAW		
Protocol amending the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law relating to Bills of Lading, 25 August 1924, as amended by the Protocol of 23 February 1968	Brussels, 21 Dec., 1979	28/1984 Cmnd, 9197
1968	21 Dec., 1979	Clind, 9197
Australia	16 July, 1993	
PLANTS AND PESTS		
International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants as revised at Geneva on 10 November 1972, and on 23 October 1978	Geneva, 2 Dec., 1961	11/1984 Cmnd. 9152
Accession— Norway	13 Aug., 1993	
Note— For the purpose of determining its share of the total amount of the annual contributions to the budget of the above-mentioned Convention, one contribution unit is applicable to the Kingdom of Norway.		

				11111071	1101	., <u></u>		
			_				Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
POLLUTION								
International Convent					Pol	lution	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969– 31 Dec., 1970	106/1975 Cmnd, 6183
Damage		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	31 Dec., 1970	Cillia. 0163
Sierra Leone							13 Aug., 1993	
Sierra Leone	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• •	• •	157146., 1775	
Vienna Convention for	the Pre	otectic	on of the (Ozone L	ayer		Vienna, 22 Mar., 1985	1/1990 Cm 910
Accessions—								
Bahamas							1 Apr., 1993	
Central African I							29 Mar., 1993	
Côte d'Ivoire						• •	5 Apr., 1993	
Dominica							31 Mar., 1993	
Dominican Repu	blic						18 May, 1993	
Grenada							31 Mar., 1993	
Jamaica							31 Mar., 1993	
Lebanon							30 Mar., 1993	
Senegal							19 Mar., 1993	
Tanzania							7 Apr., 1993	
Montreal Protocol on	Substa	nces th	nat Deple	te the Oz	one	Layer	Montreal, 16 Sept., 1987	19/1990 Cm 977
Accessions—								
Central African F	Republi	c				• •	29 Mar., 1993	
Côte d'Ivoire						• •	5 Apr., 1993	
Dominica			• •	• •	• •		31 Mar., 1993	
Grenada					• •	• •	31 Mar., 1993	
Jamaica				• •	• •	• •	31 Mar., 1993	
Lebanon				• •	• •	• •	31 Mar., 1993	
Peru		• •		• •		• •	31 Mar., 1993	
Tanzania	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •	16 Apr., 1993	
Secretary-General of t Singapore is now in a p under Annex Dw	osition	to ap	prove the				Adopted	
Amendment to the I Deplete the Ozone L							London, 27 June,– 29 June, 1990	4/1993 Cm 2132
Accessions								
Dominica							31 Mar., 1993	
Jamaica							31 Mar., 1993	
Lebanon							31 Mar., 1993	
<u>P</u> eru							31 Mar., 1993	
Tanzania	••	••	••	••	••	••	16 Apr., 1993	
PRIVATE INTERNATI	ONAL	LAW	,					
G 6				- , -	=	_	The Hague, 9 Oct.,-	65/1955
Statute of the Hague (Loniere	nce or	Private	Internati	onal	Law	31 Oct., 1951	Cmd. 9582
Acceptance—								
Morocco Note—		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	6 Sept., 1993	
By a Note dated 27, of the Kingdom of the position of the Repub mentioned Statute (see p.26). The Ministry hestablished on I June I States accepted Slovak on the same date Slo Conference on Private to 26 April 1993, the date clared itself bound he	Netherlic of S Treat Treat S S S Treat The S Treat Treat	ands, lovaking Serie to the Control of the Control	as deposition with recession No. 77 the concurrence of the Coe a Mem I Law with the Notice 1 the	tary, reference to the content of the content of A conference to the conference to t	rred the a Cm hat in Il Me ce and the F ctive	to the bove- 2414, t was ember d that lague effect		
declared itself bound b				 1110	., 510	-waid		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued) Note—		
By a Note dated 31 January 1993, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, notified that the Ministry has come to the conclusion that it was established on 15 November 1992 that the Governments of all Member States accepted the Republic of Slovenia as a Member of the Hague Conference on International Law with retroactive effect to 18 June 1992, the date of receipt of the Note in which Slovenia declared itself bound by the Statute.		
Convention on the Conflicts of Laws relating to the form of Testamentary Dispositions	The Hague, 5 Oct., 1961	5/1964 Cmnd. 2250
Note— By a Note dated 4 August 1993, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depository, informed the Member States of the above-mentioned Convention that the Convention has remained in force between the Contracting States and Croatia		
Convention abolishing the Requirement of Legalisation for Foreign Public Documents	The Hague, 5 Oct., 1961	32/1965 Cmnd. 2617
Note— Following is the text of a Note dated 8 February 1993 received by the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands from the Government of <i>Belorussia</i> :		
[Translation] " the Ministry would advise that in accordance with Article 6 of the Convention and in accordance with the Decree issued by the Government of the Byelorussian Republic on 1 January 1993, official documents issued by government agencies of the Byelorussian Republic for use in the territories of contracting States of the Hague Convention, repealing the necessity of legalisation of foreign official documents, are now authorised only by an apostille written on these documents.		
An apostille may be given by the Ministry of Justice on documents issued by judicial authorities and courts; by the Ministry of National Education on documents issued by relevant educational authorities; by the Committee for Archives and Administration on documents issued by relevant state archives; and by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on all other documents."		
Note— By a communication dated 23 July 1993, the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, notified that the above-named Convention " has remained in force between the Contracting States and the Republic of <i>Croatia</i> after 7 October 1991.		
The Central Authorities in Croatia are:		
municipal courts or the Ministry of Justice and Administration."		
Convention on the Taking of Evidence abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters	The Hague, 18 Mar., 1970	20/1977 Cmnd. 6727
Note— By a note dated 23 July 1993, the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland informed the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands that the acceptance of Australia's accession to the abovementioned Convention (see Treaty Series No. 77 (1993), Cm 2414, p.27) was also in respect of the following territories for the international relations of which the United Kingdom is responsible and to which the application of the Convention has been extended:		
Bailiwick of Guernsey, Bailiwick of Jersey, the Isle of Man, Anguilla, Cayman Islands, Falkland Islands, Gibraltar, Hong Kong and South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands.		

	<u></u>	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
RIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued) Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession		
by Australia to the above-mentioned Convention:		
Cyprus	20 Apr., 1993	
Germany	4 May, 1993 20 May, 1993	
Finland	24 May, 1993	
United States of America	23 June, 1993	
In accordance with Article 39 the Convention will enter into orce between <i>Australia</i> and:		
Cyprus	19 June, 1993	
Germany	3 July, 1993	
Aruba	19 July, 1993	
Finland	23 July, 1993 22 Aug., 1993	
	The Hague,	66/1006
Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction	25 Oct., 1980	66/1986 Cm 33
ccession—	25 000., 1700	0 55
The Bahamas	1 Oct., 1993	
ote—		
By a Note dated 22 July 1993 the Ministry of Foreign Affairs f the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, notified that		
he above-mentioned Convention has remained in force for		
Croatia after 7 October 1991.		
Note—		
The following State declared its acceptance of the accession of Burkina Faso to the above-mentioned Convention:		
Canada	30 July, 1993	
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention		
rill enter into force between Burkina Faso and		
Canada	l Oct., 1993	
ote— The following States declared their assentance of the assession		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession Mauritius to the above-mentioned Convention:		
Luxembourg	7 June, 1993	
Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe)	28 May, 1993	
United Kingdom (with declaration*) United States of America	2 June, 1993	
United States of America	16 July, 1993	
"Notwithstanding the provisions of the said Article 38		
regarding entry into force of the Convention as between the		
acceding State and the State declaring its acceptance of the		
accession, amendments will be made to the United Kingdom municipal law in order to give effect to the Convention between it		
and the Republic of Mauritius as of 1 June, 1993 when the		
Convention enters into force for the Republic of Mauritius.".		
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention rill enter into force between Mauritius and		
Luxembourg	1 Sept., 1993	
Netherlands (for the Kingdom in Europe)	1 Aug., 1993	
United Kingdom	1 Sept., 1993	
United States of America	1 Oct., 1993	
1 4 4 6 6 6 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Strasbourg,	51/1985
Convention on the Transfer of Sentenced Persons	21 Mar., 1983	Cmnd. 9617
Ratifications— Iceland (with declarations*)	6 Aug., 1993	
Hungary (with declarations†)	13 July, 1993	
Portugal (with declarations**)	28 June, 1993	
Slovenia	16 Sept., 1993	
Declarations "In accordance with the previous of Article 3, page graph 4		
"In accordance with the provisions of Article 3, paragraph 4, Iceland declares that the term "national" (cf. Article 3,		
paragraph 1.a) means, for the purposes of the Convention,		
persons having Icelandic nationality or persons having their		
permanent residence on the territory of the Republic of Iceland.		
In accordance with the provisions of Article 9, paragraph 4, Iceland reserves the right to use preventive detention or		
hospitalisation for persons of unsound mind.		
In accordance with the provisions of Article 17, paragraph		
3, Iceland requires that requests for transfer and supporting	l l	

PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)

documents be accompanied by a translation into Icelandic, English, Danish, Norwegian or Swedish."

†Declarations

Article 3, paragraph 4

The term "nationals" is meant by Hungary in the application of the Convention as including also non nationals settled definitively in the State of execution.

Article 16

Hungary requires to be notified of the transit by air of sentenced persons. Such transit will not be authorized, if the person to be transferred is a Hungarian national, in accordance with its declaration made to Article 3, paragraph 4.

Article 17, paragraph 3

If the request for transfer and supporting documents are not drawn up either in Hungarian or in English or French, they shall be accompanied by a translation into one of these languages. In cases however where a State has made a declaration under this Article that it requires request for transfer and supporting documents to be accompanied by a translation into its own language or into a language other than English or French, Hungary will require on the basis of reciprocity, that requests for transfer and supporting documents from such States shall be drawn up in Hungarian or accompanied by a translation into Hungarian."

**Declarations [Translation]

- A. Portugal will apply the procedure for which Article 9(1) a provides in the event that it is the administering state;
- Execution of a foreign judgment shall be on the basis of a judgment of a Portuguese court declaring it enforceable, following review and prior confirmation;
- C. When a foreign sentence has to be adapted. Portugal will, depending on the case, and in pursuance of Portuguese law, convert the foreign sentence or reduce its length if it exceeds the statutory maximum under Portuguese law;
- D. For the purposes of Article 3(4), Portugal declares that the term "national" applies to all Portuguese citizens, irrespective of the way in which nationality was acquired;
- Portugal is able to accept the transfer of foreigners and stateless persons usually resident in the administering state;
- F. In pursuance of Article 16(7), Portugal requires notification of transit by air across its territory;
- G. Portugal requests that the documents to which Article 17(3) refers be accompanied by a translation into Portuguese or French.

Note-

On 28 April 1993 the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, in accordance with Article 29, extended the above-mentioned Convention to the Island of Guernsey (but not the Islands of Alderney and Sark) and to the Turks and Caicos Islands subject to the reservation under Article 16 and the declaration under Article 20 made by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland on ratification of the Convention which read as follows:

"The United Kingdom, by way of reservation, declares that it will not apply the second paragraph of Article 16."

"The United Kingdom declares, in accordance with Article 20, that the provisions of the Convention will be extended to trusts declared by judicial decision."

The Convention will enter into force for the Island of Guernsey (but not the Islands of Alderney and Sark) and the Turks and Caicos Islands on 1 July 1993.

Furthermore the Government of the United Kingdom availed itself of the opportunity to state "for the avoidance of doubt, the reservation under Article 16 and the declaration under Article 20 made by the United Kingdom on ratification of the Convention apply to Hong Kong and Montserrat."

Date

Treaty Series and \ Command Nos.

The Hague, 1 July, 1985 14/1992 Cm 1823

<u> </u>		
PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
European Convention on the Recognition of the Legal Personality of International Non-Governmental Organisations	Strasbourg, 24 Apr., 1986	41/1991 Cm 1593
Signature— Slovenia*	16 Sept., 1993	
*Signature without reservation as to ratification.		
Convention on Insider Trading with Protocol	Strasbourg, 20 Apr., 1989	7/1992 Cm 1803
Signature— Netherlands	1 June, 1993	
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES		
General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations	Adopted New York, 13 Feb., 1946	10/1950 Cmd. 7891
Accession— Liechtenstein	25 Mar., 1993	
Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations	Adopted New York, 21 Nov., 1947	69/1959 Cmnd. 855
On 25 February 1993, the Government of Ukraine notified the Secretary-General of the United Nations, pursuant to Article XI, Section 43, of the above-mentioned Convention, that it undertakes to apply the provisions of the above-mentioned Convention to the following Specialized Agencies: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations International Civil Aviation Organization International Monetary Fund International Bank for Reconstruction and Development World Health Organization International Maritime Organization International Finance Corporation International Development Association World Intellectual Property Organization International Fund for Agricultural Development United Nations Industrial Development Organization		
Protocol on the Privileges and Immunities of the European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT) Accession—	Paris, 13 Feb., 1987	46/1990 Cm 1106
Ireland, Republic of	5 Aug., 1993	
PUBLICATIONS		
Convention concerning the Exchange of Official Publications and Government Documents between States	Paris, 5 Dec., 1958	43/1962 Cmnd. 1758
Succession— Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Convention concerning the International Exchange of Publications	Paris, 5 Dec., 1958	41/1962 Cmnd. 1742
Ratification— Estonia	7 June, 1993	
Succession— Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	

	·	
	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
RED CROSS		
Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention for the Amelioration of the Condition of Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked Members of Armed Forces at Sea	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons at Time of War	Geneva, 12 Aug., 1949	39/1958 Cmnd. 550
Accessions-	1	1
Armenia	7 June, 1993 1 June, 1993	l
Azerbaijan Estonia	18 Jan., 1993	
Moldavia	24 May, 1993	
Successions— Bosnia and Herzegovina	6 Mar., 1992	
Czech Republic	(effective date) 1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Tajikistan	21 Dec., 1991 (effective date)	
REFUGEES	Geneva,	39/1954
Convention relating to the Status of Refugees	28 July, 1951	Cmd. 9171
Accessions—		
Azerbaijan*	12 Feb., 1993 2 Feb., 1993	,
Succession— Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
*Upon deposit of their respective instruments, the above- mentioned States declared, for the purposes of their respective obligations under the Convention, that they consider themselves bound by alternative (b) of Article 1B(1) thereof.		2425
Agreement relating to Refugee Seamen	The Hague, 23 Nov., 1957	3/1962 Cmnd. 1578
Note— By a letter dated 14 June 1993 the Government of Slovenia informed the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, that it wished to be considered a party to the above-mentioned Agreement, by virtue of succession to the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.		
Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees	New York, 31 Jan., 1967	15/1969 Cmnd. 3906
Accessions— Azerbaijan	12 Feb., 1993	
Russian Federation	2 Feb., 1993	
Slovakia	1 Jan., 1993 (effective date)	
Protocol relating to Refugee Seamen	The Hague, 12 June, 1973	38/1975 Cmnd. 6035
Note— By a letter dated 14 June 1993 the Government of Slovenia informed the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, that it wished to be considered a party to the above-mentioned Protocol, by virtue of succession to the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.		
ROAD TRANSPORT	Geneva,	
European Agreement concerning the Work of Crews of Vehicles engaged in International Road Transport (AETR)	1 July, 1970– 31 Mar., 1971	103/1978 Cmnd. 7401

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
ROAD TRANSPORT (continued) Accession—		
Belarus	5 Арг., 1993	
Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the Special Equipment to be used for such Carriage (ATP)	Geneva, 1 Sept., 1970– 31 May, 1971	42/1981 Cm 8272
Note— The amendments to Annex 1 printed as Cm 1795 entered into force on 18 July 1993.		
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY		
Agreement establishing the European Molecular Biology Conference	Geneva, 13 Feb., 1969	76/1970 Cmnd. 4450
Accession— Turkey	15 July, 1993	
Agreement on Co-operation in Astrophysics (with Protocol)	Santa Cruz de la Palma, 26 May, 1979	10/1990 Cm 945
Accession— Italy* * On 30 March 1993 representatives of the Council for Research into Astronomy and the Padua Astronomical Observatory signed the Protocol on Co-operation in Astrophysics annexed to the above Agreement on Co-operation in Astrophysics and also the Addendum to the said Protocol. Since the States party to the Agreement have given their consent to Italy's accession to the Agreement in accordance with the provisions of Article 15(4) of the Agreement and Article 12(2) of the Annexed Protocol, Italy's accession becomes effective from 30 March 1993 and the Protocol and the Addendum will enter into force on the same date with respect to the institutions of that country which are signatory thereto. SHIPPING International Convention on Load Lines, 1966 Accession— Sierra Leone	30 Mar., 1993 London, 5 Apr 4 July, 1966 13 Aug., 1993	58/1968 Cmnd. 3708
International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978	London, 1 Dec., 1978– 30 Nov., 1979	50/1984 Cmnd. 9266
Accessions— Sierra Leone	13 Aug., 1993	
Uruguay	3 Aug., 1993	
Western Samoa	24 May, 1993	
International Convention on Maritime Search and Rescue 1979 Accession— Oman	London, 1 Nov., 1979– 31 Oct., 1980 17 May, 1993	59/1986 Cm 12
SPACE	Adopted	
Convention on Registration of Objects launched into Outer Space	New York, 12 Nov., 1974	70/1978 Cmnd. 7271
Ratification— Argentina	5 May, 1993	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
TELECOMMUNICATIONS		
Agreement relating to the International Telecommunications Satellite Organization "INTELSAT" (with Operating Agreement)	Washington, 20 Aug., 1971	80/1973 Cmnd. 5416
Accessions— Armenia* Bahrain†	14 July, 1993 23 Aug., 1993	,
Operating Agreement signed for— *Ministry of Telecommunications †Bahrain Telecommunications Company (BATELCO)		
Convention on the International Maritime Satellite Organization (INMARSAT) (with the Operating Agreement)	London, 3 Sept., 1976	94/1979 Cmnd. 7722
Accessions— Bangladesh Slovakia	17 Sept., 1993 20 July, 1993	22/1095
International Telecommunication Convention	Nairobi, 6 Nov., 1982	33/1985 Cmnd. 9557
Accessions— Eritrea	6 Aug., 1993 4 May, 1993 7 May, 1993	
European Convention on Transfrontier Television	Strasbourg, 5 May, 1989	22/1993 Cm 2178
Ratification— Norway (with reservation and declaration*)	30 July, 1993	
"The Government of Norway, in accordance with Article 32, paragraph 1.a, reserves the right to restrict the retransmission of programme services containing advertisements for alcoholic beverages which do not comply with Norwegian domestic legislation." **Declaration** Declaration** Pursuant to Article 19 the Government of Norway has designated the following authority: "Ministry of Cultural Affairs P.O. Box 8030 Dep. N-0030 OSLO Norway. (Tel. 47 22 34 90 90) (Fax: 47 22 34 95 50)"		
TRANSPORT Protocol to co-ordinate and rationalise European Inland	Privacels	22/1054
Protocol to co-ordinate and rationalise European Inland Transport of international importance	Brussels, 17 Oct., 1953	32/1954 Cmd. 9142
Czech Republic	6 July, 1993 2 Apr., 1993 30 June, 1993	
UNESCO		
Constitution of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (as amended) (see also Treaty Series No. 82 (1965), Cmnd. 2784; Treaty Series No. 99 (1970), Cmnd. 4511; Treaty Series No. 104 (1976), Cmnd. 6651; Treaty Series No. 59 (1977), Cmnd. 6846 and Treaty Series No. 56 (1981), Cmnd. 8304)	London, 16 Nov., 1945	36/1961 Cmnd. 1376

				,		
					Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
Signatures—					A T 1003	
Bosnia and Herzegovina*		• •	• •	•• '	2 June, 1993	
Czech Republic†		• •		••	22 Feb., 1993	
Eritrea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• •	• •	2 Sept., 1993	
Georgia**	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	٠.	• •	• •	7 Oct., 1992	
Macedonia, Former Yugos	lav Republic	of	• •	• •	28 June, 1993	
Slovakia†		• •	• •	• •	9 Feb., 1993	
Solomon Islands		• •	• •	• • •	7 Sept., 1993	l
Tajikistan*	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	• •		6 Apr., 1993	
Turkmenistan	••	• •	• •		17 Aug., 1993	
Acceptances—						}
Eritrea					2 Sept., 1993	ļ
Macedonia, Former Yugos	lav Republic	of		•••	28 June, 1993	
Solomon Islands					7 Sept., 1993	ĺ
Turkmenistan					17 Aug., 1993	
Note—						
The Acceptances for certain Si	gnatures app	eared i	n the Ti	reaty		
Series as follows: *Treaty Series No. 77 (1993), Ci †Treaty Series No. 72 (1993), Ci **Treaty Series No. 84 (1992), Ci	m 2365, p.24	l				
UNIDO						
Constitution of the United Na	I	المئسا	lam		Vienne	67/1991
Organization		inai L	evelop	ment	Vienna, 8 Apr., 1979	Cm 1666
Accession—					9 A 1002	
Kyrgyzstan	• • • • •	• •	• •	• •	8 Apr., 1993	
UNITED NATIONS Charter of the United Nations Series No. 2 (1966), Cmnd. 29 Cmnd. 3869 and Treaty Series Admission to membership of	900; Treaty S s No. 130 (19	eries N 73), Ci	lo. 5 (19 nnd. 55	969), 111)	San Francisco, 26 June, 1945	67/1946 Cmd. 7015
of the General Assembly—	the Office is	alions	by ucc	151011		İ
					20.14 1002	
Eritrea		٠.	• •	••	28 May, 1993	
Macedonia, Former Yugos Monaco	-	OI	• •	••	8 Apr., 1993	
Monaco	• • • •	• •	• •	• •	28 May, 1993	
UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION					Vienna,	70/1966
Constitution of the Universal Po Accessions—	stal Union ar	nd Fina	al Proto	col	10 July, 1964	Cmnd. 3141
Eritrea				[30 July, 1993	
Macedonia, Former Yugos	lav Republic	of			16 June, 1993	
Additional Protocol to the Cons			oreal D		Tokyo,	72/1973
Union	iitation or in	e Omv			14 Nov., 1969	Cmnd. 5358
Accessions—	••	• •	• •		141101., 1707	l Ciniu: 5550
					30 July, 1993	
Eritrea			• •	•••	16 June, 1993	
	-		• •	•••	· ·	
Second Additional Protocol to the Postal Union			ne Univ	ersal 	Lausanne, 5 July, 1974	56/1976 Cmnd. 6539
Accessions—					10 5.1 1000	
Eritrea.			• •	• •	30 July, 1993	
Macedonia, Former Yugos	lav Republic	ot	• •	• •	16 June, 1993	
Third Additional Protocol to the Postal Union	Constitution		e Univ	ersal	Hamburg, 27 July, 1984	81/1991 Cm 1748
Accessions—						
Eritrea Macedonia, Former Yugos.	 lav Republic	of	• •		30 July, 1993 16 June, 1993	
WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	-				•	
	1.0.			,		
International Convention m	odifying th	ne li	nternati	onai	C3	24/1022
Convention of 20 May 1875	for assuring	the li	nternati		Sèvres,	24/1923
Uniformity and Perfection of	the Metric Sy	ystem	• •		6 Oct., 1921	Cmd. 1982
Accessions—						
Czech Republic					13 Jan., 1993	
Classalaia					13 Jan., 1993	l

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION Constitution of the World Health Organization	New York, 22 July, 1946 22 Apr., 1993 7 May, 1993 Geneva, 28 May, 1959 22 Apr., 1993	43/1948 Cmd. 7458 24/1961 Cmnd. 1351
Tuvalu Amendments to Articles 24 and 25 of the Constitution of the World Health Organization Acceptances— Macedonia, Former Yugoslav Republic of Tuvalu	7 May, 1993 Geneva, 23 May, 1967 22 Apr., 1993 7 May, 1993	109/1975 Cmnd. 6204
Amendments to Articles 34 and 55 of the Constitution of the World Health Organization	Geneva, 22 May, 1973 22 Apr., 1993 7 May, 1993	50/1977 Cmnd. 6832
Amendments to Articles 24 and 25 of the Constitution of the World Health Organization	Geneva, 17 May, 1976 22 Apr., 1993 7 May, 1993	41/1984 Cmnd. 9239